



Air Conditioning Technical Data

VRVIII-S heat pump

EEDEN14-100

RXYSQ-P8V1

TABLE OF CONTENTS

RXYSQ-P8V1

1	Features	2
2	Specifications	3
	Technical Specifications	3
	Electrical Specifications	4
3	Options	6
4	Capacity tables	7
	Capacity Table Legend	7
	Integrated Heating Capacity Correction Factor	8
	Capacity Correction Factor	9
5	Dimensional drawings	12
6	Centre of gravity	13
7	Piping diagrams	14
8	Wiring diagrams	15
	Wiring Diagrams - Single Phase	15
9	External connection diagrams	16
10	Sound data	17
	Sound Power Spectrum	17
	Sound Pressure Spectrum - Cooling	18
	Sound Pressure Spectrum - Heating	19
11	Installation	20
	Installation Method	20
	Refrigerant Pipe Selection	21
12	Operation range	22

1 Features



Inverter

1

2 Specifications

2-1 Technical Specifications				RXYSQ4P8V1		RXYSQ5P8V1		RXYSQ6P8V1		
Capacity range			HP	4		5		6		
Cooling capacity	Nom.		kW	12.6		14.0		15.5		
Heating capacity	Nom.		kW	14.2		16.0		18.0		
Power input - 50Hz	Cooling	Nom.	kW	3.24 (1)		3.51 (1)		4.53 (1)		
	Heating	Nom.	kW	3.12 (2)		3.86 (2)		4.57 (2)		
Capacity control	Method			Inverter controlled						
	Steps			24 ~ 100						
EER				3.89		3.99		3.42		
COP				4.55		4.15		3.94		
Maximum number of connectable indoor units				8 (6) / 8 (7)		10 (6) / 9 (7)		12 (6) / 9 (7)		
Indoor index connection	Min.			50		62.5		70		
	Nom.			-						
	Max.			130		162.5		182		
Casing	Colour			Daikin White						
	Material			Painted galvanized steel plate						
Dimensions	Unit	Height	mm	1,345						
		Width	mm	900						
		Depth	mm	320						
	Packed unit	Height	mm	1,524						
		Width	mm	980						
		Depth	mm	420						
Weight	Unit		kg	120						
	Packed unit		kg	130						
Packing	Material			Carton / Wood / EPS						
	Weight			kg	8					
Heat exchanger	Length		mm	857						
	Rows	Quantity		2						
	Fin pitch		mm	2						
	Passes	Quantity		10						
	Face area		m²	1.131						
	Stages	Quantity		60						
	Empty tubeplate hole	Quantity		0						
	Tube type			ø8 Hi-XSS						
	Fin	Type		Non-symmetric waffle louvre						
		Treatment		Corrosion resistant						
Compressor	Quantity			1						
	Model			JT100G-VDL						
	Type			Hermetically sealed scroll compressor						
	Speed	rpm		6,480						
	Output	W		2,500	3,000		3,500			
	Starting method			Direct on line						
	Crankcase heater			W	33					
Fan	Type			Propeller fan						
	Quantity			2						
	Air flow rate	Cooling	Nom.	m³/min	106					
		Heating	Nom.	m³/min	102	105				
	External static pressure	Max.		Pa	-					
Discharge direction				Horizontal						
Fan motor	Quantity			2						
	Model			Brushless DC motor						
	Speed	Cooling	Nom.	rpm	850					
		Heating	Nom.	rpm	820	840				
	Drive			Direct drive						
	Output			W	70					

2 Specifications

2-1 Technical Specifications					RXYSQ4P8V1		RXYSQ5P8V1		RXYSQ6P8V1		
Fan motor 2	Model				Brushless DC motor						
	Speed	Cooling	Nom.	rpm	815						
		Heating	Nom.	rpm	785		805				
	Drive				Direct drive						
	Output			W	70						
Sound power level	Cooling	Nom.		dBA	66		67		69		
Sound pressure level	Cooling	Nom.		dBA	50		51		53		
	Heating	Nom.		dBA	52		53		55		
Operation range	Cooling	Min.~Max.		°CDB	-5~46						
	Heating	Min.~Max.		°CWB	-20~15.5						
Refrigerant	Type				R-410A						
	Charge			kg	4.0						
	Control				Expansion valve						
	Circuits	Quantity			1						
Refrigerant oil	Type				Daphne FVC68D						
	Charged volume			l	1.5						
Piping connections	Liquid	Type			Flare connection						
		OD		mm	9.52						
	Gas	Type			Flare connection (VRV®) / Braze connection (RA)				Braze connection		
		OD		mm	15.9 (6) / 19.1 (7)				19.1		
	Drain	Quantity			3						
		OD		mm	26x3						
	Heat insulation				Both liquid and gas pipes						
	Piping length	OU - BP	Total	m	55						
			BP - IU	Max.	m	15					
				Total	m	60		80		90	
	Total piping length	System	Actual	m	300 / 115		300 / 135		300 / 145		
	Level difference	OU - IU	Outdoor unit in highest position	m	-						
			Indoor unit in highest position	m	-						
Defrost method					Reversed cycle						
Defrost control					Sensor for outdoor heat exchanger temperature						
Safety devices	Item	01			HPS						
		02			Fan motor thermal protection						
		03			Inverter overload protector						
		04			PC board fuse						
PED	Category				Category I						

Standard Accessories : Installation manual; Quantity : 1;

Standard Accessories : Operation manual; Quantity : 1;

Standard Accessories : Connection pipes; Quantity : 3;

2-2 Electrical Specifications					RXYSQ4P8V1	RXYSQ5P8V1	RXYSQ6P8V1
Power supply	Name				V1		
	Phase				1N~		
	Frequency			Hz	50		
	Voltage			V	220-240		
Voltage range	Min.			%	-10		
	Max.			%	10		
Current	Nominal running current (RLA) - 50Hz	Cooling	A		15.9	20.2	22.2

2 Specifications

2-2 Electrical Specifications				RXYSQ4P8V1		RXYSQ5P8V1		RXYSQ6P8V1	
Current - 50Hz	Maximum running current		A	27.0					
	Starting current (MSC)		A	15.9		20.2		22.2	
	Zmax	List		No requirements					
	Minimum circuit amps (MCA)		A	27.0					
	Maximum fuse amps (MFA)		A	32.0					
	Full load amps (FLA)	Fan motor	A	0.3					
		Fan motor 2	A	0.3					
Wiring connections - 50Hz	For power supply	Quantity		3					
		Remark		Earth wire included					
	For connection with indoor	Quantity		2					
		Remark		F1,F2					
Power supply intake				Both indoor and outdoor unit					
Field earth leakage breaker			mA	300					

Notes

- (1) Cooling: indoor temp. 27°CDB, 19.0°CWB; outdoor temp. 35°CDB; equivalent piping length: 5m; level difference: 0m
- (2) Heating: indoor temp. 20°CDB; outdoor temp. 7°CDB, 6°CWB; equivalent refrigerant piping: 5m; level difference: 0m
- (3) Sound power level is an absolute value that a sound source generates.
- (4) Sound pressure level is a relative value, depending on the distance and acoustic environment. For more details, please refer to the sound level drawings.
- (5) Sound values are measured in a semi-anechoic room.
- (6) In case VRV indoor units are connected
- (7) In case RA indoors are connected
- (8) RLA is based on following conditions: indoor temp. 27°CDB, 19°CWB; outdoor temp. 35°CDB
- (9) Voltage range: units are suitable for use on electrical systems where voltage supplied to unit terminal is not below or above listed range limits.
- (10) Maximum allowable voltage range variation between phases is 2%.
- (11) Select wire size based on the value of MCA
- (12) Instead of a fuse, use a circuit breaker
- (13) MFA is used to select the circuit breaker and the ground fault circuit interrupter (earth leakage circuit breaker).
- (14) MSC means the maximum current during start up of the compressor
- (15) EN/IEC 61000-3-12: European/international technical standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage system with input current $\geq 16A$ and $\leq 75A$ per phase
- (16) Ssc: Short-circuit power

3 Options

3 - 1 Options

RXYSQ-P8V1

No	Item	RXYSQ4	RXYSQ5	RXYSQ6
1	Cool / Heat selector	KRC19-26A6		
2	Fixing box	KJB111A		
3	Refnet header	KHRQ22M29H		
4	Refnet joint	KHRQ22M20TA		
5	Central drain plug	KKPJ5F180		
6	Branch provider (2 rooms)	BPMKS967B2B		
7	Branch provider (3 rooms)	BPMKS967B3B		

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NOTES

Note: All options are kits.

4 Capacity tables

4 - 1 Capacity Table Legend

In order to fulfill more your requirements on quick access of data in the format you require, we have developed a tool to consult capacity tables.

Below you can find the link to the capacity table database and an overview of all the tools we have to help you select the correct product:

- Capacity table database: lets you find back and export quickly the capacity information you are looking for based upon unit model, refrigerant temperature and connection ratio.
→ <http://extranet.daikineurope.com/captab>
- E-data app: gives a complete overview of the Daikin products available in your country, with all engineering data and commercial info in your own language. Download the app now!
→ <https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/daikin-e-data/id565955746?mt=8>



- Selection software: allows you to do load calculations, equipment selections and energy simulations for our VRV, Daikin Altherma, refrigeration and applied systems products.
→ <http://extranet.daikineurope.com/en/software/downloads/default.jsp>

4 Capacity tables

4 - 2 Integrated Heating Capacity Correction Factor

RXYSQ-P8V1

INTEGRATED HEATING CAPACITY COEFFICIENT

The heating capacity tables do not take account of the reduction in capacity, when frost has accumulated or while the defrosting operation is in progress.

The capacity values, which take these factors into account, in other words, the integrated heating capacity values, can be calculated as follows:

Formula:

Integrated heating capacity = A

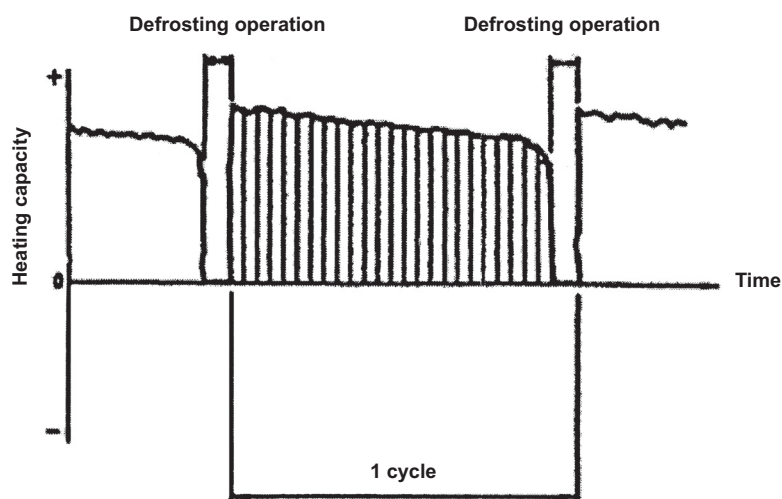
Value given in table of capacity characteristics = B

Integrating correction factor for frost accumulation (kW) = C

$A = B \times C$

Correction factor for finding integrated heating capacity.

Inlet port temperature of heat exchanger (°C/RH 85%)	-7	-5	-3	0	3	5	7
Integrating correction factor for frost accumulation	0,88	0,86	0,8	0,75	0,76	0,82	1.0



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NOTES

1. The figure shows that the integrated heating capacity expresses the integrated capacity for a single cycle (from defrost operation to defrost operation) in terms of time.
2. When there is an accumulation of snow against the outside surface of the outdoor unit heat exchanger, there will always be a temporary reduction in capacity, although this will of course vary in degree in accordance with a number of other factors, such as the outdoor temperature (°CDB), relative humidity (RH) and the amount of frosting which occurs.

4 Capacity tables

4 - 3 Capacity Correction Factor

RXYSQ-P8V1 - for combination with RA and Sky Air indoor units

Capacity Correction Factor by the Length of Refrigerant Piping

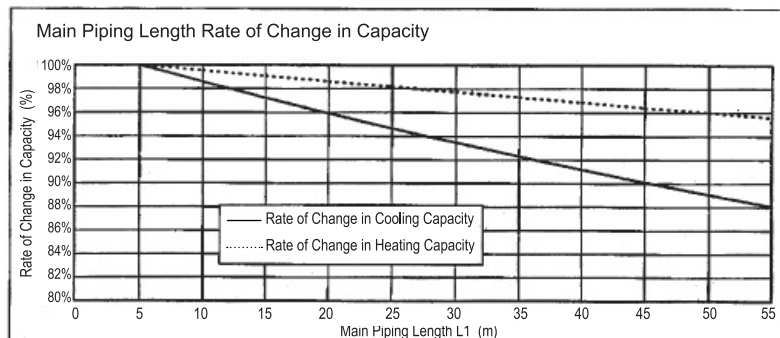
• Rate of Change in Capacity by the Main Piping Length

Rate of Change in Cooling Capacity

Main Piping Length	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55
Rate of Change in Cooling Capacity	100.0%	98.6%	97.2%	95.9%	94.7%	93.5%	92.3%	91.2%	90.1%	89.1%	88.1%

Rate of Change in Heating Capacity

Main Piping Length	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55
Rate of Change in Heating Capacity	100.0%	99.5%	99.1%	98.6%	98.2%	97.7%	97.3%	96.9%	96.4%	96.0%	95.6%



Both cases outdoor unit in inferior or superior for indoor unit, the rate of change in capacity is same

• Rate of Change in Capacity by Branch Piping Length

(1) Refrigerant Piping Connection Diameter

liquid ø 6.4
gas ø 15.9

Piping length	Rate of Change in Capacity	
	Cooling	Heating
3	100.0%	100.0%
5	99.6%	99.9%
10	98.7%	99.6%
15	97.9%	99.3%

(2) Refrigerant Piping Connection Diameter

liquid ø 6.4
gas ø 12.7

Piping length	Rate of Change in Capacity	
	Cooling	Heating
3	100.0%	100.0%
5	99.1%	99.5%
10	96.9%	98.2%
15	94.8%	97.0%

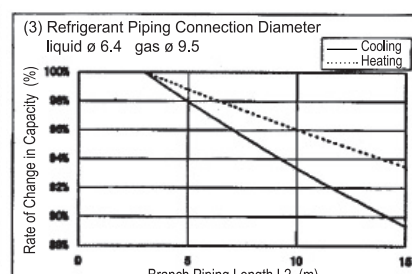
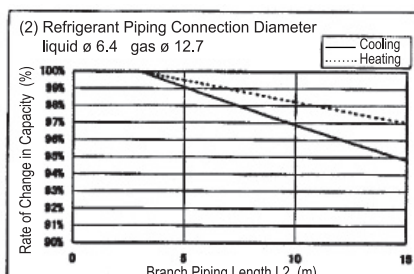
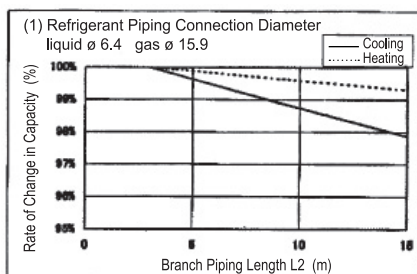
(3) Refrigerant Piping Connection Diameter

liquid ø 6.4
gas ø 9.5

Piping length	Rate of Change in Capacity	
	Cooling	Heating
3	100.0%	100.0%
5	98.0%	98.8%
10	93.4%	96.0%
15	89.3%	93.5%

Piping size for field connection (mm)

		RA		SA	
		Liquid	Gas	Liquid	Gas
Class (kW)	15	ø 6.4	ø 9.5		
	20				
	25				
	35			ø 6.4	ø 9.5
	42				
	50				
	60		ø 12.7	ø 12.7	
71	ø 15.9				



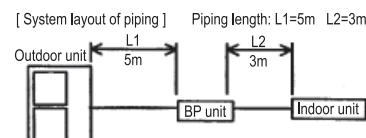
[Method of calculating cooling/heating capacity]

Total capacity from capacity tables x (Rate of change in capacity by main piping length x Rate of change in capacity by branch piping length)

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NOTES

- These figures illustrate the rate of change in capacity of a standard indoor unit system at maximum load (with the thermostat set to maximum) under standard conditions. Moreover, under partial load conditions there is only a minor deviation from the rate of change in capacity shown in the above figures.
- With the outdoor unit, evaporating pressure constant control when cooling and condensing pressure constant control when heating is carried out.
- For RXYSQ: use these correction factors in case of installation with bp unit.

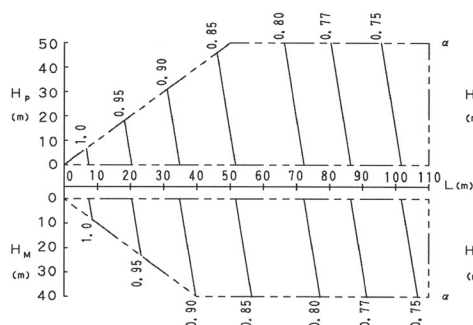


4 Capacity tables

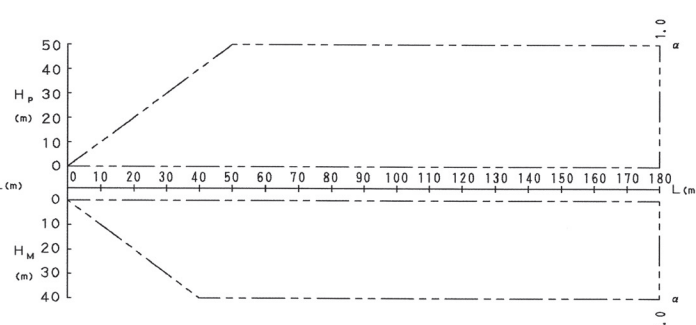
4 - 3 Capacity Correction Factor

RXYSQ4,5P8V1

1. Rate of change in cooling capacity



2. Rate of change in heating capacity



[Explanation of symbols]

H_p: Level difference (m) between indoor and outdoor units
where indoor unit in inferior position
H_m: Level difference (m) between indoor and outdoor units
where indoor unit in superior position
L: Equivalent pipe length (m)
α: Capacity correction factor

[Diameter of pipes]

Model	Gas	Liquid
RXYSQ4, 5P8V1	ø 15.9	ø 9.5
RXYSQ4, 5P8Y1		

3TW33622-3

NOTES

- These figures illustrate the rate of change in capacity of a standard indoor unit system at maximum load (with the thermostat set to maximum) under standard conditions. Moreover, under partial load conditions there is only a minor deviation from the rate of change in capacity shown in the above figures.
- With this outdoor unit, evaporating pressure constant control when cooling, and condensing pressure constant control when heating is carried out.
- Method of calculating cooling/heating capacity (max. capacity for combination with standard indoor unit)

$$\text{cooling / heating capacity} = \text{cooling / heating capacity obtained from performance characteristics table} \times \text{each capacity rate of change}$$

In the case length of piping differs depending on the indoor unit, maximum capacity of each unit during simultaneous operation is:

$$\text{cooling / heating capacity} = \text{cooling / heating capacity of each unit} \times \text{capacity rate of change for each piping length}$$

<As for RXYSQ4, 5P8V1 - RXYSQ4, 5P8Y1>

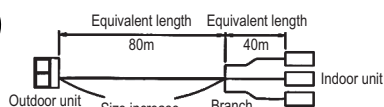
- When overall equivalent pipe length is 90m or more, the diameter of the main gas pipes (outdoor unit-branch sections) must be increased.
[Diameter of above case]

Model	Gas	Liquid
RXYSQ4, 5P8V1		
RXYSQ4, 5P8Y1	ø 19.1	Not increased

- When the main sections of the interunit gas pip diameters are increased the overall equivalent length should be calculated as follows.

$$\text{Overall equivalent length} = \text{Equivalent length to main pipe} \times 0.5 + \text{Equivalent length after branching}$$

Example: (RXYSQ4, 5P8V1
RXYSQ4, 5P8Y1)



In the above case (Cooling)
Overall equivalent length = 80m x 0.5 + 40m = 80m
The correction factor in capacity when H_p = 0m is thus approximately 0.78

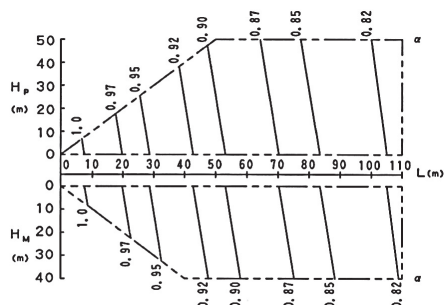
- For RXYSQ: use these correction factors in case of vrv indoor unit.

4 Capacity tables

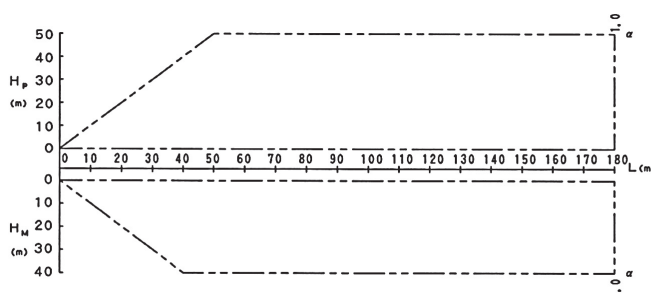
4 - 3 Capacity Correction Factor

RXYSQ6P8V1

1. Rate of change in cooling capacity



2. Rate of change in heating capacity



[Explanation of symbols]

Hp: Level difference (m) between indoor and outdoor units where indoor unit in inferior position

Hm: Level difference (m) between indoor and outdoor units where indoor unit in superior position

L: Equivalent pipe length (m)

α: Capacity correction factor

[Diameter of pipes]

Model	Gas	Liquid
RXYSQ6P8V1	ø 19.1	ø 9.5

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NOTES

- These figures illustrate the rate of change in capacity of a standard indoor unit system at maximum load (with the thermostat set to maximum) under standard conditions. Moreover, under partial load conditions there is only a minor deviation from the rate of change in capacity shown in the above figures.
- With this outdoor unit, evaporating pressure constant control when cooling, and condensing pressure constant control when heating is carried out.
- Method of calculating cooling/heating capacity (max. capacity for combination with standard indoor unit)

$$\text{cooling / heating capacity} = \text{cooling / heating capacity obtained from performance characteristics table} \times \text{each capacity rate of change}$$

In the case length of piping differs depending on the indoor unit, maximum capacity of each unit during simultaneous operation is:

$$\text{cooling / heating capacity} = \text{cooling / heating capacity of each unit} \times \text{capacity rate of change for each piping length}$$

<As for RXYMQ6MV4A - RXYSQ6M7V3B - RXYMQ6MVL - RXYMQ6PV4A - RXYMQ6PVE - RXMQ6PVE - RXYSQ6P7V3B - RXYSQ6P7Y1B - RXYSQ6PA7V1B - RXYSQ6PA7Y1B - RXYSQ6P8V1B - RXYSQ6P8Y1B>

- When overall equivalent pipe length is 90m or more, the diameter of the main gas pipes (outdoor unit-branch sections) must be increased.

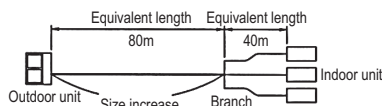
[Diameter of above case]

Model	Gas	Liquid
RXYSQ6P8V1B	ø 22.2	Not increased

- When the main sections of the interunit gas pip diameters are increased the overall equivalent length should be calculated as follows.

$$\text{Overall equivalent length} = \text{Equivalent length to main pipe} \times 0.5 + \text{Equivalent length after branching}$$

Example: RXYSQ6P8V1B



In the above case (Cooling)

$$\text{Overall equivalent length} = 80\text{m} \times 0.5 + 40\text{m} = 80\text{m}$$

The correction factor in capacity when Hp = 0m is thus approximately 0.86

- For RXYSQ: use these correction factors in case of VRV indoor unit.

5 - 1 Dimensional Drawings

[illegible]

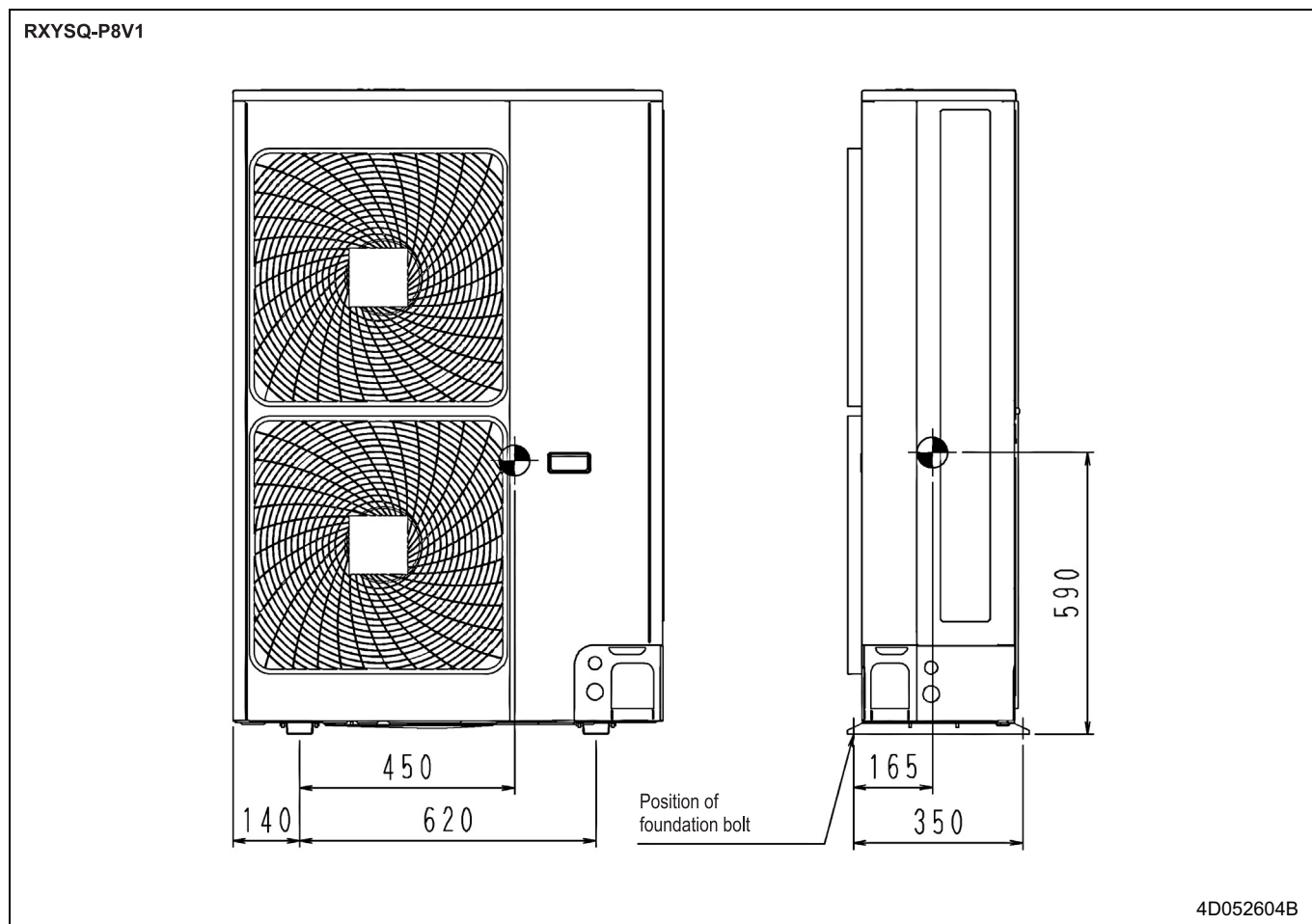
1	Gas pipe connection A
2	Liquid connection pipe Ø9.5 flare
3	Service port (in the unit) (2x)
4	Electronic connection and grounding terminal M5 (in switch box)
5	Refrigerant piping intake
6	Power supply wiring intake (knock hole Ø34)
7	Control wiring intake (knock hole Ø27)
8	Drain outlet

MODEL	A	
	With RA connection	With VRV correction
RXYSQ4P8V1	Ø19.1 Brazing	Ø15.9 Flare
RXYSQ5P8V1	Ø19.1 Brazing	Ø15.9 Flare
RXYSQ6P8V1	Ø19.1 Brazing	Ø19.1 Brazing

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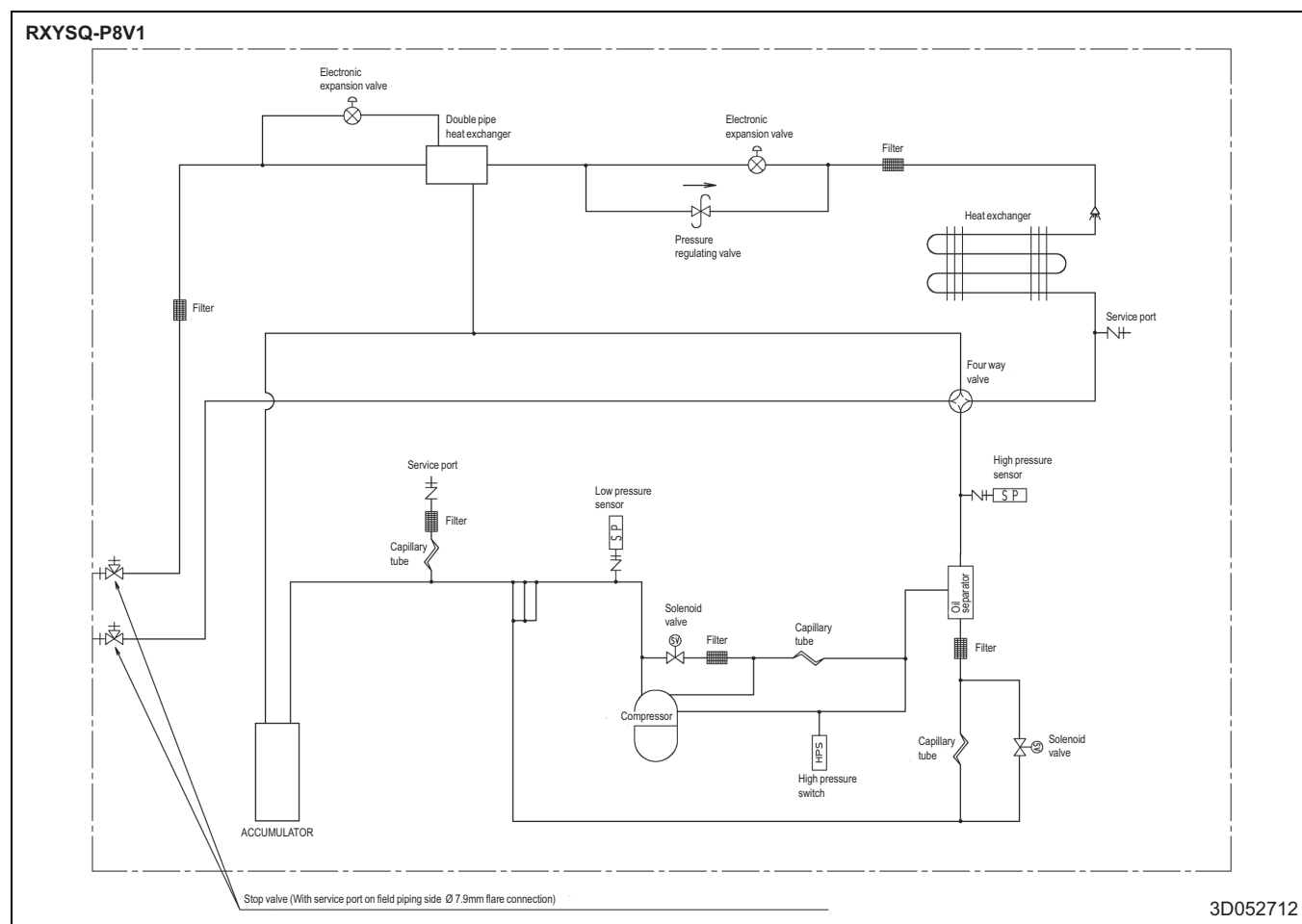
6 Centre of gravity

6 - 1 Centre of Gravity



7 Piping diagrams

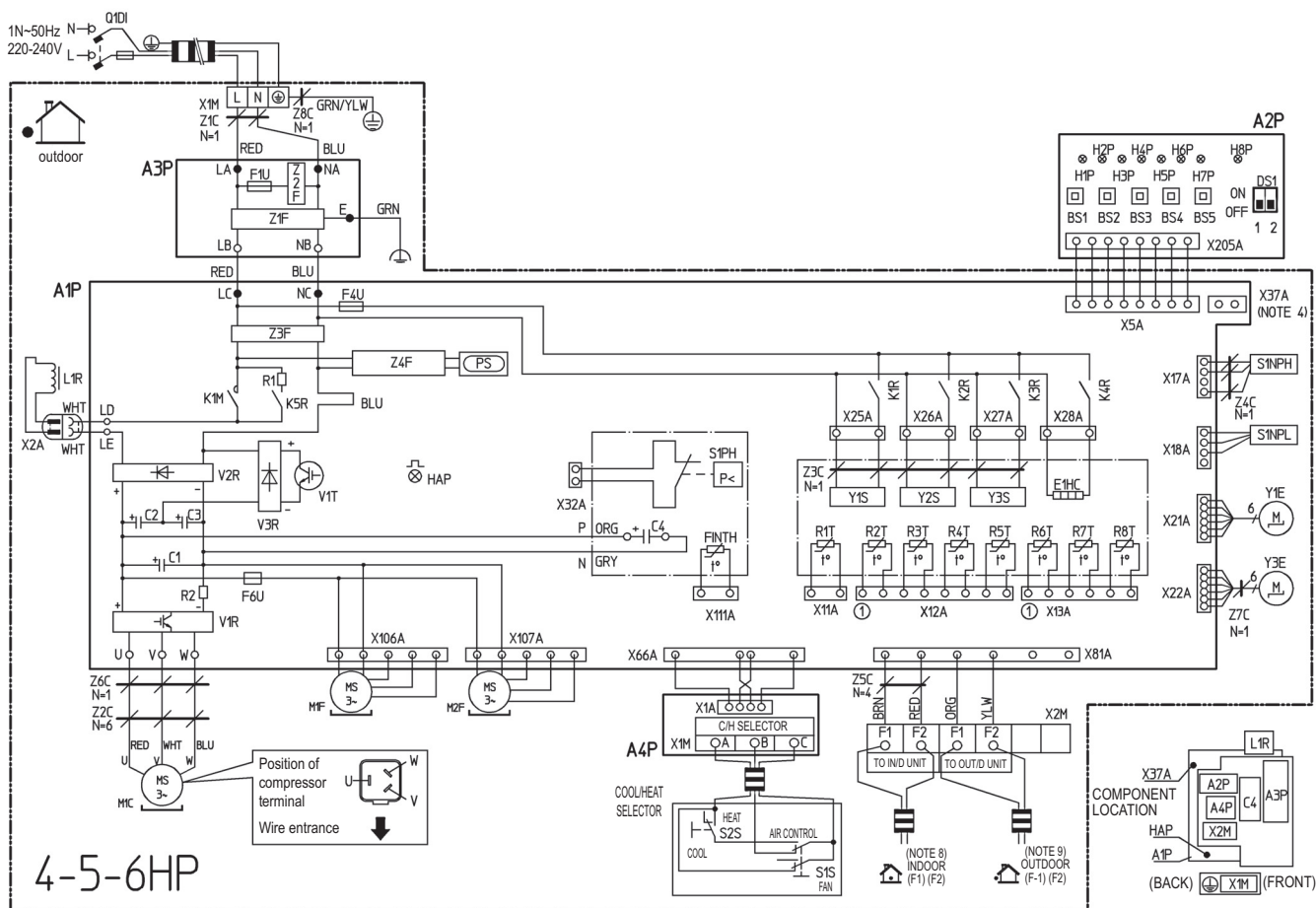
7 - 1 Piping Diagrams



8 Wiring diagrams

8 - 1 Wiring Diagrams - Single Phase

RXYSQ-P8V1



Cool/heat selector		K1M	Magnetic contactor (M1C)	R6T	Thermistor (subcooling H.Ex)
S1S	Selector switch (fan/cool-heat)	K1R	Magnetic relay (Y1S)	R7T	Thermistor (liquid pipe 1)
S2S	Selector switch (cool-heat)	K2R	Magnetic relay (Y2S)	R8T	Thermistor (liquid pipe 2)
Connector of option adapter		K3R	Magnetic relay (Y3S)	S1NPH	Pressure sensor (high)
X37A (note 4)	Connector (option adapter power supply)	K4R	Magnetic relay (E1HC)	S1NPL	Pressure sensor (low)
A1P	Printed circuit board (Main)	K5R	Magnetic relay	S1PH	Pressure switch (high)
A2P	Printed circuit board (Inv.)	L1R	Reactor	V1R	Power module
A3P	Printed circuit board (Noise filter)	M1C	Motor (compressor)	V2R, V3R	Diode module
A4P	Printed circuit board (C/H selector)	M1F	Motor (fan) (upper)	V1T	IGBT
BS1-BS5	Push button switch (mode, set, return, test, reset)	M2F	Motor (fan) (lower)	X1M	Terminal strip (power supply 4)
C1-C4	Capacitor	PS	Switching power supply	X2M	Terminal strip (control)
DS1	Dip switch	Q1D1	Field earth leakage breaker (300mA)	X1M	Terminal strip (C/H selector) (A4P)
E1HC	Crankcase heater	R1	Resistor	Y1E	Electronic expansion valve (main)
F1U, F4U	Fuse (T 6.3A / 250 V)	R2	Resistor	Y3E	Electronic expansion valve (subcool)
F6U	Fuse (T 5.0A / 250 V)	R1T	Thermistor (air)	Y1S	Solenoid valve (4 way valve)
Finth	Thermistor (fin)	R2T	Thermistor (discharge)	Y2S	Solenoid valve (Hot gas)
H1P-H8P	Light emit. diode (serv. monitor-orange) [H2P] Prepare, test flickering Malfunction detection light up	R3T	Thermistor (suction 1)	Y3S	Solenoid valve (U/L circuit)
		R4T	Thermistor (heat exchanger)	Z1C-Z8C	Noise filter (ferrity core)
		R5T	Thermistor (suction 2)	Z1F-Z4F	Noise filter
Hap (A1P)	Light emitting diode (service monitor green)				

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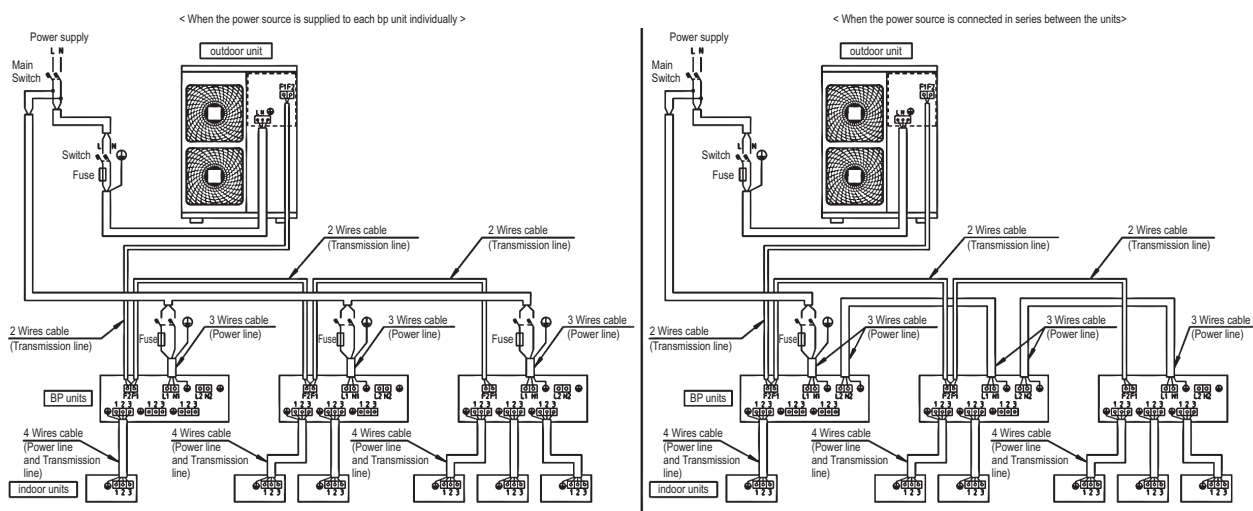
NOTES

- This wiring diagram only applies to the outdoor unit.
- L: Live, N: Neutral
- Terminal strip: : Connector : Connection : Protective earth (screw) : Relay connector : Noiseless earth : Terminal
- When using the option adapter, refer to the installation manual
- Refer to the 'wiring diagram sticker' (On back of front plate) on how to use BS1 ~ BS5 and DS1, DS2 switch.
- Do not operate the unit by short-circuiting protection device S1PH.
- Colors: BLU = BLUE, BRN = BROWN, GRN = GREEN, RED = RED, WHT = WHITE, YLW = YELLOW, ORG = ORANGE
- Refer to the installation manual, for connection wiring to indoor-outdoor, transmission F1-F2
- When using the central control system, connect outdoor-outdoor transmission F1-F2.

9 External connection diagrams

9 - 1 External Connection Diagrams

RXYSQ-P8V1

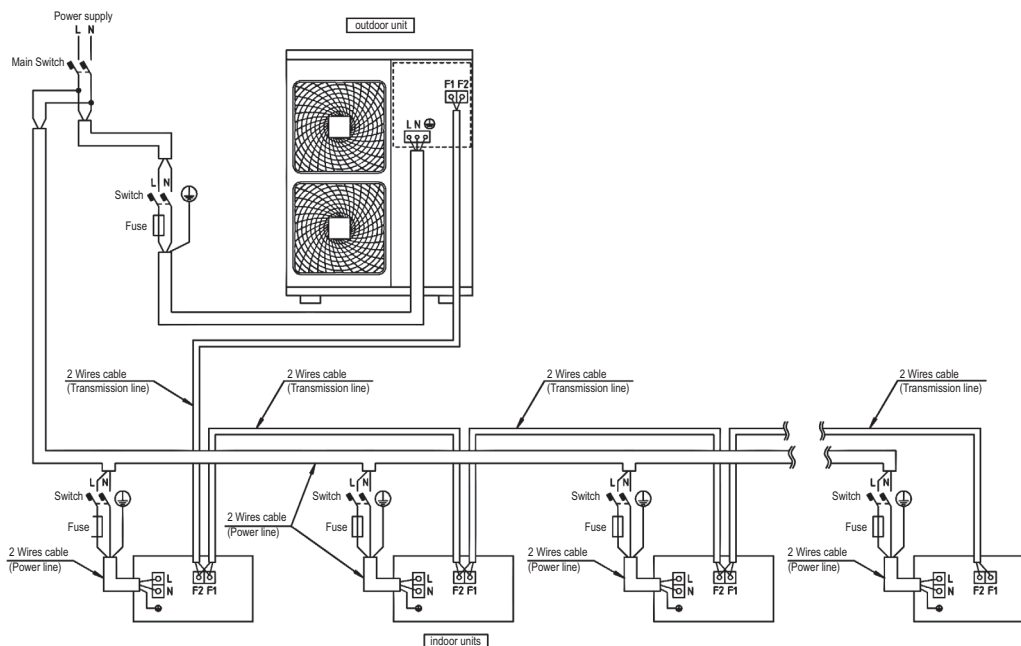


3TW33626-1

NOTES

1. All wiring, components and materials to be procured on the site must comply with the applicable local and national codes.
2. Use copper conductors only.
3. As for details, see wiring diagram.
4. Install circuit breaker for safety.
5. All field wiring and components must be provided by licensed electrician.
6. Unit shall be grounded in compliance with the applicable local and national codes.
7. Wiring shown are general points-of-connection guides only and are not intended for or to include all details for a specific installation.
8. Be sure to install the switch and the fuse to the power line of each equipment.
9. Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.

RXYSQ-P8V1



3TW33626-2

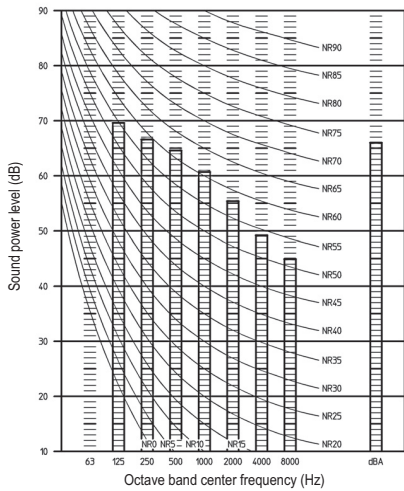
NOTES

1. All wiring, components and materials to be procured on the site must comply with the applicable local and national codes.
2. Use copper conductors only.
3. As for details, see wiring diagram.
4. Install circuit breaker for safety.
5. All field wiring and components must be provided by licensed electrician.
6. Unit shall be grounded in compliance with the applicable local and national codes.
7. Wiring shown are general points-of-connection guides only and are not intended for or to include all details for a specific installation.
8. Be sure to install the switch and the fuse to the power line of each equipment.
9. Install the main switch that can interrupt all the power sources in an integrated manner because this system consists of the equipment utilizing the multiple power sources.

10 Sound data

10 - 1 Sound Power Spectrum

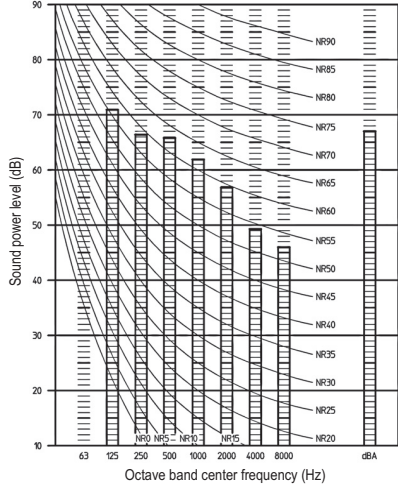
RXYSQ4P8V1



NOTES

- 1 dBA = A-weighted sound power level. (A-scale according to IEC)
- 2 Reference acoustic intensity $0dB = 10E-6\mu W/m^2$
- 3 Measured according to ISO 3744

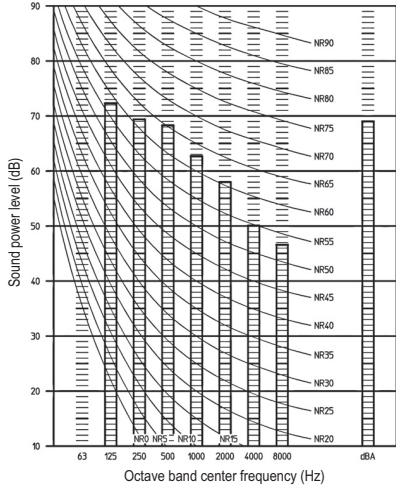
RXYSQ5P8V1



NOTES

- 1 dBA = A-weighted sound power level. (A-scale according to IEC)
- 2 Reference acoustic intensity $0dB = 10E-6\mu W/m^2$
- 3 Measured according to ISO 3744

RXYSQ6P8V1



NOTES

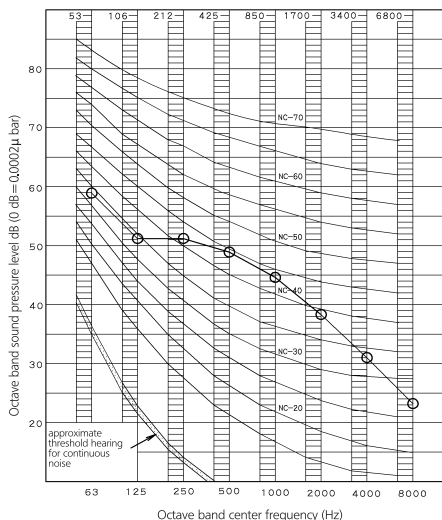
- 1 dBA = A-weighted sound power level. (A-scale according to IEC)
- 2 Reference acoustic intensity $0dB = 10E-6\mu W/m^2$
- 3 Measured according to ISO 3744

10 Sound data

10 - 2 Sound Pressure Spectrum - Cooling

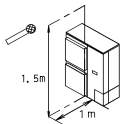
10

RXYSQ4P8V1B - Cooling



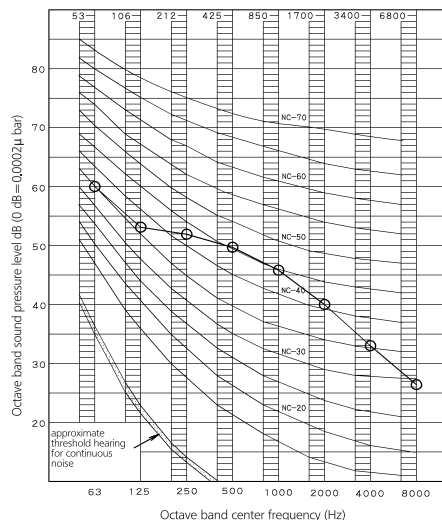
NOTES

- Overall (dB)
Scale A: 50.0
Scale B: 60.0
(B/N is already rectified)
- Operating conditions:
Power source 220-240V 50Hz/220V 60Hz
Cooling:
Return air temperature: 27°CDB, 19.0 CWB
Outdoor temperature: 35°CDB, 24°CWB
- Measuring place: Measure in anechoic room
- The operating sound is measured in anechoic chamber, if it is measured under the actual installation conditions, it is normally over the set value due to environmental noise and sound reflection.
- Location of microphone:



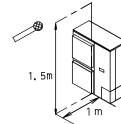
4D052713E

RXYSQ5P8V1B - Cooling



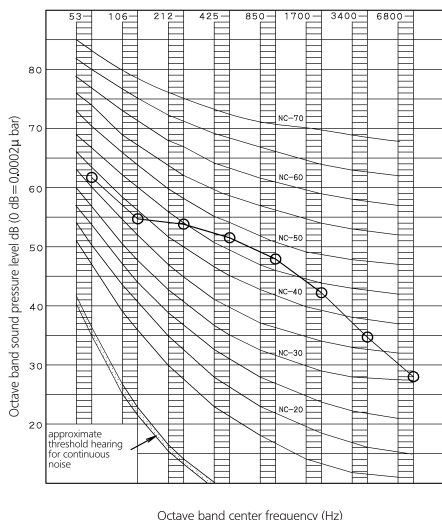
NOTES

- Overall (dB)
Scale A: 51.0
Scale B: 61.5
(B/N is already rectified)
- Operating conditions:
Power source 220-240V 50Hz/220V 60Hz
Cooling:
Return air temperature: 27°CDB, 19.0 CWB
Outdoor temperature: 35°CDB, 24°CWB
- Measuring place: Measure in anechoic room
- The operating sound is measured in anechoic chamber, if it is measured under the actual installation conditions, it is normally over the set value due to environmental noise and sound reflection.
- Location of microphone:



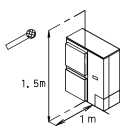
4D052714K

RXYSQ6P8V1B - Cooling



NOTES

- Overall (dB)
Scale A: 53.0
Scale B: 64.5
(B/N is already rectified)
- Operating conditions:
Power source 220-240V 50Hz/220V 60Hz
Cooling:
Return air temperature: 27°CDB, 19.0 CWB
Outdoor temperature: 35°CDB, 24°CWB
- Measuring place: Measure in anechoic room
- The operating sound is measured in anechoic chamber, if it is measured under the actual installation conditions, it is normally over the set value due to environmental noise and sound reflection.
- Location of microphone:

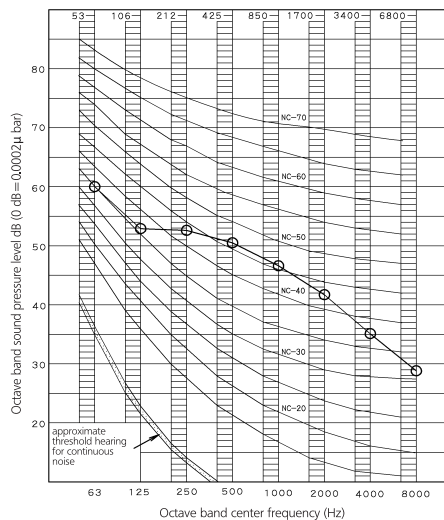


4D052716J

10 Sound data

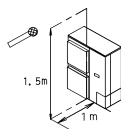
10 - 3 Sound Pressure Spectrum - Heating

RXYSQ4P8V1B - Heating



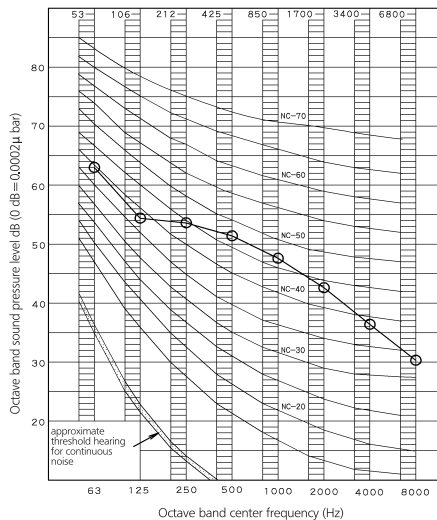
NOTES

- Overall (dB)
Scale A: 52.0
Scale B: 63.5
(B.G.N. is already rectified)
- Operating conditions:
Power source 220-240V 50Hz/220V 60Hz
Heating:
Return air temperature: 20°CDB
Outdoor temperature: 7°CDB, 6°CWB
- Measuring place: Measure in anechoic room
- The operating sound is measured in anechoic chamber, if it is measured under the actual installation conditions, it is normally over the set value due to environmental noise and sound reflection.
- Location of microphone:



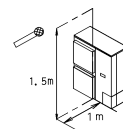
4D052719E

RXYSQ5P8V1B - Heating



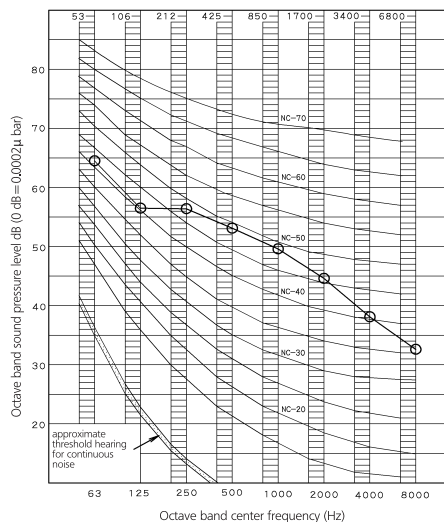
NOTES

- Overall (dB)
Scale A: 53.0
Scale B: 65.3
(B.G.N. is already rectified)
- Operating conditions:
Power source 220-240V 50Hz/220V 60Hz
Heating:
Return air temperature: 20°CDB
Outdoor temperature: 7°CDB, 6°CWB
- Measuring place: Measure in anechoic room
- The operating sound is measured in anechoic chamber, if it is measured under the actual installation conditions, it is normally over the set value due to environmental noise and sound reflection.
- Location of microphone:



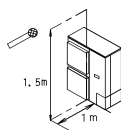
4D052718K

RXYSQ6P8V1B - Heating



NOTES

- Overall (dB)
Scale A: 55.0
Scale B: 67.0
(B.G.N. is already rectified)
- Operating conditions:
Power source 220-240V 50Hz/220V 60Hz
Heating:
Return air temperature: 20°CDB
Outdoor temperature: 7°CDB, 6°CWB
- Measuring place: Measure in anechoic room
- The operating sound is measured in anechoic chamber, if it is measured under the actual installation conditions, it is normally over the set value due to environmental noise and sound reflection.
- Location of microphone:



4D052717J

11 Installation

11 - 1 Installation Method

RXYSQ-P8V1

Required installation space

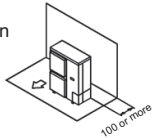
(The unit of these values is 'mm')

1. Where there is an obstacle on the suction side:

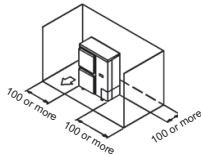
(a) No obstacle above

(1) Stand-alone installation

- Obstacle on the suction side only

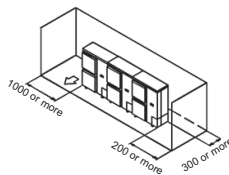


- Obstacle on both sides



(2) Series installation (2 or more)

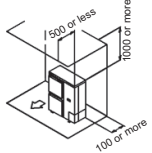
- Obstacle on both sides



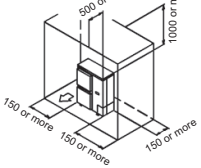
(b) Obstacle above, too

(1) Stand-alone installation

- Obstacle on the suction side, too

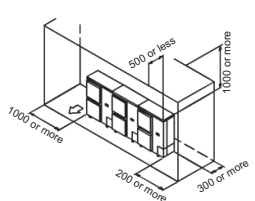


- Obstacle on the suction side and both sides



(2) Series installation (2 or more)

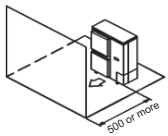
- Obstacle on the suction side and both sides



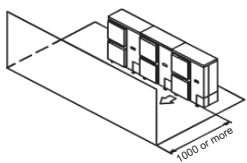
2. Where there is an obstacle on the discharge side:

(a) No obstacle above

(1) Stand-alone installation

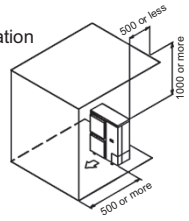


(2) Series installation (2 or more)

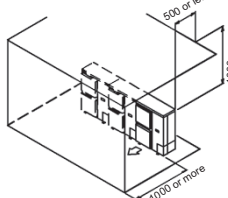


(a) Obstacle above, too

(1) Stand-alone installation



(2) Series installation (2 or more)



3. Where there are obstacles on both suction and discharge sides:

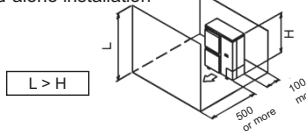
Pattern 1

Where the obstacle on the discharge side is higher than the unit:

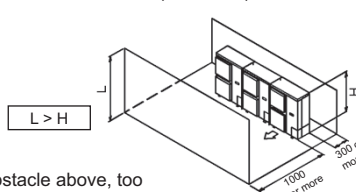
(There is no height limit for obstructions on the intake side)

(a) No obstacle above

(1) Stand-alone installation



(2) Series installation (2 or more)



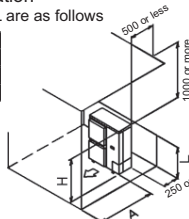
(b) Obstacle above, too

(1) Stand-alone installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows

L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$
$1/2 H < L \leq H$	750
$H < L$	1000
Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.



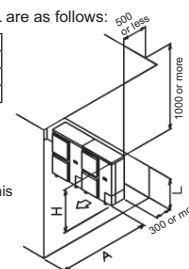
(2) Series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$
$1/2 H < L \leq H$	1000
$H < L$	1250
Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

Only two units can be installed for this series



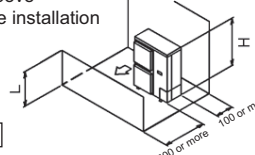
Pattern 2

Where the obstacle on the discharge side is lower than the unit:

(There is no height limit for obstructions on the intake side)

(a) No obstacle above

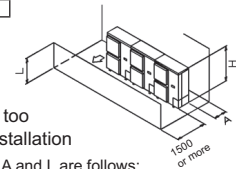
(1) Stand-alone installation



(2) Series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows

L	A
$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$	250
$1/2 H < L \leq H$	300



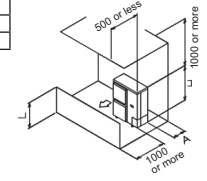
(b) Obstacle above, too

(1) Stand-alone installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows:

L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$
$1/2 H < L \leq H$	100
$H < L$	200
Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.



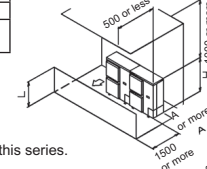
(2) Series installation

The relations between H, A and L are as follows

L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$
$1/2 H < L \leq H$	100
$H < L$	300
Set the stand as: $L \leq H$	
Refer to the column of $L \leq H$ for A	

Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

Only two units can be installed for this series.

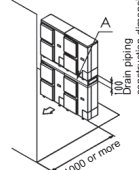


4. Double-decker installation

(a) Obstacle on the discharge side

close the gap A (the gap between the upper and lower outdoor units) to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

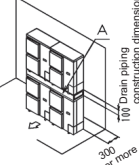
Do not stack more than two units.



(b) Obstacle on the suction side

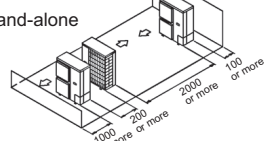
close the gap A (the gap between the upper and lower outdoor units) to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.

Do not stack more than two units.



5. Multiple rows of series installation (on the rooftop, etc.)

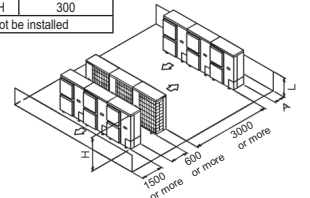
(a) One row of stand-alone installation



(b) Rows of series installation (2 or more)

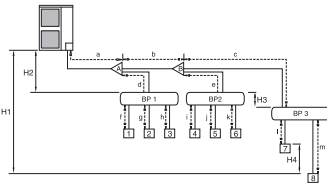
The relations between H, A and L are as follows

L	A
$L \leq H$	$0 < L \leq 1/2 H$
$1/2 H < L \leq H$	250
$H < L$	300
Can not be installed	

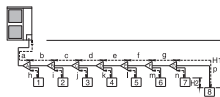
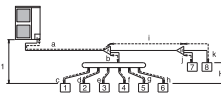
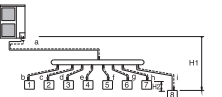


11 Installation

11 - 2 Refrigerant Pipe Selection

RXYSQ-P8V1B			Branch with refnet joint																									
Example of connection (Connection of 8 units heat pump system)  indoor unit  refrigerant branch kit (refnet joint)  BP unit NOTE The refrigerant branch kits must be positioned as close to the BP units as possible (c, d, e must be as short as possible).																												
Maximum allowable length	Between outdoor and BP units	Total pipe length	Pipe length between outdoor and BP units ≤55 m [Example] 3 BP units: a+b+c+d+e≤55 m																									
	Between BP and indoor units	Total pipe length	Piping length between BP and indoor units: RXYSQ4≤60 m, RXYSQ5≤80 m, RXYSQ6≤90 m [Example] RXYSQ5: f+g+h+i+j+k+l+m≤80 m																									
	Between BP and an indoor unit	1 room length	Pipe length between BP and an indoor unit: ≤15 m [Example] f, g, h, i, j, k, l, m≤15 m																									
Minimum allowable length(*)	Between outdoor unit and the first refrigerant branch kit	Pipe length	Pipe length between outdoor unit and first refrigerant branch kit: ≥5 m [Example] a≥5 m																									
Allowable height	Between outdoor and indoor units	Difference in height	Difference in height between outdoor and indoor units (H1)≤30 m																									
	Between outdoor and BP units	Difference in height	Difference in height between outdoor and BP units (H2)≤30 m																									
	Between BP and BP units	Difference in height	Difference in height between BP and BP units (H3)≤15 m																									
	Between indoor and indoor units	Difference in height	Difference in height between indoor and indoor units (H4)≤15 m																									
Allowable length after the branch		Pipe length	Pipe length from first refrigerant branch kit (refnet joint) to indoor unit ≤40 m [Example] unit 8: b+c+m≤40 m [Example] unit 6: b+e+k≤40 m [Example] unit 3: d+h≤40 m																									
Refrigerant branch kit selection Refrigerant branch kits can only be used with R410A. (*) The refrigerant sound from the outdoor unit can be transmitted.			Use the following refnet joint: KHRQ22M20T.																									
Pipe size selection			<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2"></th><th colspan="2">Piping size (outer diameter x minimum thickness)</th></tr> <tr> <th colspan="2">Symbol</th><th>Gas pipe</th><th>Liquid pipe</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Between outdoor and first refrigerant branch kit</td><td>a</td><td>Ø19,1x1,0</td><td rowspan="2">Ø9,5x0,8</td></tr> <tr> <td>Between refrigerant branch kit and refrigerant branch kit</td><td>b</td><td>Ø15,9x1,0</td></tr> <tr> <td rowspan="3">Between refrigerant branch kit and BP unit</td><td rowspan="4">c, d, e</td><td>Total indoor capacity Q</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Qc, Qd, Qe ≤5,0 kW</td><td>Ø12,7x0,8</td></tr> <tr> <td>Qc, Qd, Qe >5,0 kW</td><td>Ø15,9x1,0</td></tr> </tbody> </table> NOTE - Qc, Qd, Qe is total connected indoor capacity. - c, d, e indicates the symbols in the figure.					Piping size (outer diameter x minimum thickness)		Symbol		Gas pipe	Liquid pipe	Between outdoor and first refrigerant branch kit	a	Ø19,1x1,0	Ø9,5x0,8	Between refrigerant branch kit and refrigerant branch kit	b	Ø15,9x1,0	Between refrigerant branch kit and BP unit	c, d, e	Total indoor capacity Q		Qc, Qd, Qe ≤5,0 kW	Ø12,7x0,8	Qc, Qd, Qe >5,0 kW	Ø15,9x1,0
		Piping size (outer diameter x minimum thickness)																										
Symbol		Gas pipe	Liquid pipe																									
Between outdoor and first refrigerant branch kit	a	Ø19,1x1,0	Ø9,5x0,8																									
Between refrigerant branch kit and refrigerant branch kit	b	Ø15,9x1,0																										
Between refrigerant branch kit and BP unit	c, d, e	Total indoor capacity Q																										
		Qc, Qd, Qe ≤5,0 kW	Ø12,7x0,8																									
		Qc, Qd, Qe >5,0 kW	Ø15,9x1,0																									
How to calculate the additional refrigerant to be charged Additional refrigerant to be charged R (kg) R should be rounded off in units of 0.1 kg			$R = \left(\text{Total length (m) of liquid piping size at } \text{Ø}9,5 \right) \times 0,054 + \left(\text{Total length (m) of liquid piping size at } \text{Ø}6,4 \right) \times 0,022$ Example for refrigerant branch using refnet joint <table border="1"> <tr> <td>a: Ø9,5x10 m</td><td>d: Ø9,5x10 m</td><td>g: Ø6,4x10 m</td><td>j: Ø6,4x10 m</td><td>m: Ø6,4x8 m</td></tr> <tr> <td>b: Ø9,5x10 m</td><td>e: Ø9,5x10 m</td><td>h: Ø6,4x10 m</td><td>k: Ø6,4x5 m</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>c: Ø6,4x10 m</td><td>f: Ø6,4x10 m</td><td>i: Ø6,4x10 m</td><td>l: Ø6,4x5 m</td><td></td></tr> </table> R=[40 x 0,054] + [78 x 0,022] = 3,876 ⇒ 3,9 kg			a: Ø9,5x10 m	d: Ø9,5x10 m	g: Ø6,4x10 m	j: Ø6,4x10 m	m: Ø6,4x8 m	b: Ø9,5x10 m	e: Ø9,5x10 m	h: Ø6,4x10 m	k: Ø6,4x5 m		c: Ø6,4x10 m	f: Ø6,4x10 m	i: Ø6,4x10 m	l: Ø6,4x5 m									
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RXYSQ-P8V1B			Branch with refnet joint			Branch with refnet joint and refnet header			Branch with refnet header																																													
Example of connection (Connection of 8 indoor units Heat pump system)  indoor unit  refnet joint  refnet header																																																						
Maximum allowable length	Between outdoor and indoor units	Actual pipe length	Pipe length between outdoor and indoor units ≤150 m			[Example] unit 6: a+b+h ≤150 m, unit 8: a+i+k ≤150 m			[Example] unit 8: a+i ≤150 m																																													
		Equivalent length	Equivalent pipe length between outdoor and indoor units ≤175 m (Assume equivalent pipe length of refnet joint to be 0.5 m and of the refnet header to be 1.0 m. (for calculation purposes))																																																			
		Total extension length	Total piping length from outdoor unit to all indoor units between 10 m and 300 m																																																			
Allowable height	Between outdoor and indoor units	Difference in height	Difference in height between outdoor and indoor units (H1) ≤50 m (≤40 m if outdoor unit is located in a lower position).																																																			
	Between indoor and indoor units	Difference in height	Difference in height between adjacent indoor units (H2) ≤15 m																																																			
Allowable length after the branch		Actual pipe length	Pipe length from first refrigerant branch kit (either refnet joint or refnet header) to indoor unit ≤40 m			[Example] unit 6: b+h40 m, unit 8: i+k ≤40 m			[Example] unit 8: i ≤40 m																																													
Refrigerant branch kit selection Refrigerant branch kits can only be used with R410A.			Use the following refnet joint			Use the following refnet header																																																
			<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Outdoor unit capacity type</th><th colspan="2">Refrigerant branch kit name</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RXYSQ4-6</td><td colspan="2">KHRQ22M20T</td></tr> </tbody> </table>			Outdoor unit capacity type	Refrigerant branch kit name		RXYSQ4-6	KHRQ22M20T		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Outdoor unit capacity type</th><th colspan="2">Refrigerant branch kit name</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RXYSQ4-6</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2">KHRQ22M29H</td></tr> </tbody> </table>			Outdoor unit capacity type	Refrigerant branch kit name		RXYSQ4-6	KHRQ22M29H																																			
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Pipe size selection Caution on selecting connection pipes If the overall equivalent piping length is ≥90 m, be sure to enlarge the pipe diameter of the gas-side main piping. If the recommended pipe size is not available, stick to the original pipe diameter (which may result in a small capacity decrease). (Gas side) RXYSQ4+5: → Ø15,9 Ø19,1 RXYSQ6: → Ø19,1 Ø22,2			A. Piping between outdoor unit and refrigerant branch kit • Match to the size of the connection piping on the outdoor unit. Outdoor unit connection piping size <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2"></th><th colspan="2">Piping size (outer diameter x minimum thickness)</th></tr> <tr> <th colspan="2">Outdoor unit capacity type</th><th>Gas pipe</th><th>Liquid pipe</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RXYSQ4+5</td><td></td><td>Ø15,9x1,0 (Ø19,1x1,0)</td><td rowspan="2">Ø9,5x0,8</td></tr> <tr> <td>RXYSQ6</td><td></td><td>Ø19,1x1,0 (Ø22,2x1,0)</td></tr> </tbody> </table>					Piping size (outer diameter x minimum thickness)		Outdoor unit capacity type		Gas pipe	Liquid pipe	RXYSQ4+5		Ø15,9x1,0 (Ø19,1x1,0)	Ø9,5x0,8	RXYSQ6		Ø19,1x1,0 (Ø22,2x1,0)	B. Piping between refrigerant branch kits • Use the pipe size from the following table. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2"></th><th colspan="2">Piping size (outer diameter x minimum thickness)</th></tr> <tr> <th colspan="2"></th><th>Gas pipe</th><th>Liquid pipe</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td><td>Ø15,9x1,0</td><td>Ø9,5x0,8</td></tr> </tbody> </table>					Piping size (outer diameter x minimum thickness)				Gas pipe	Liquid pipe			Ø15,9x1,0	Ø9,5x0,8	C. Piping between refrigerant branch kit and indoor unit • Pipe size for direct connection to indoor unit must be the same as the connection size of indoor unit. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2"></th><th colspan="2">Piping size (outer diameter x minimum thickness)</th></tr> <tr> <th colspan="2">Indoor capacity index</th><th>Gas pipe</th><th>Liquid pipe</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="2">20+25+32+40+50</td><td>Ø12,7x08</td><td>Ø6,4x0,8</td></tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">63+80+100+125</td><td>Ø15,9x1,0</td><td>Ø9,5x0,8</td></tr> </tbody> </table>					Piping size (outer diameter x minimum thickness)		Indoor capacity index		Gas pipe	Liquid pipe	20+25+32+40+50		Ø12,7x08	Ø6,4x0,8	63+80+100+125		Ø15,9x1,0	Ø9,5x0,8
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 1 Main pipe (enlarge) 2 First refrigerant branch kit 3 Indoor unit			How to calculate the additional refrigerant to be charged Additional refrigerant to be charged R (kg) R should be rounded o in units of 0.1 kg			$R = \left(\text{Total length (m) of liquid piping size at } \text{Ø}9,5 \right) \times 0,054 + \left(\text{Total length (m) of liquid piping size at } \text{Ø}6,4 \right) \times 0,022$ Example for refrigerant branch using refnet joint and refnet header <table border="1"> <tr> <td>a: Ø9,5x3 m</td><td>d: Ø9,5x13 m</td><td>g: Ø6,4x10 m</td><td>j: Ø6,4x10 m</td></tr> <tr> <td>b: Ø9,5x10 m</td><td>e: Ø6,4x10 m</td><td>h: Ø6,4x20 m</td><td>k: Ø6,4x9 m</td></tr> <tr> <td>c: Ø9,5x10 m</td><td>f: Ø6,4x10 m</td><td>i: Ø9,5x10 m</td><td></td></tr> </table> R=[73 x 0,054] + [69 x 0,022] = 5,46 ⇒ 5,5 kg			a: Ø9,5x3 m	d: Ø9,5x13 m	g: Ø6,4x10 m	j: Ø6,4x10 m	b: Ø9,5x10 m	e: Ø6,4x10 m	h: Ø6,4x20 m	k: Ø6,4x9 m	c: Ø9,5x10 m	f: Ø6,4x10 m	i: Ø9,5x10 m																																			
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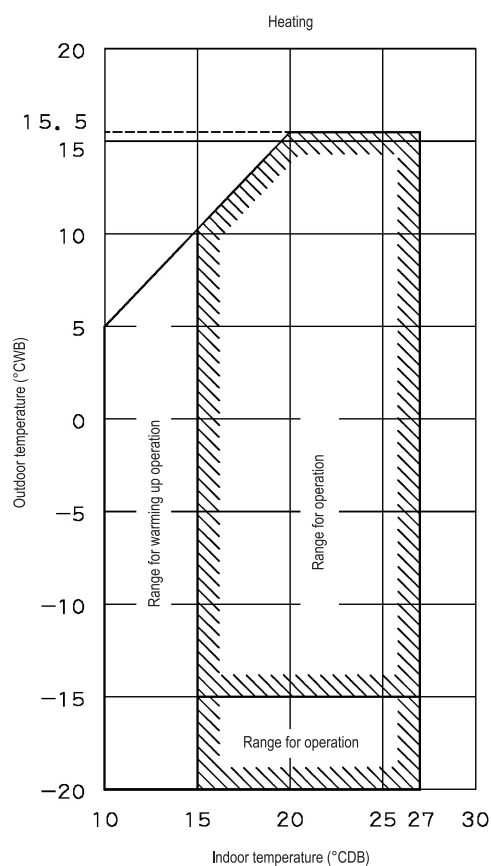
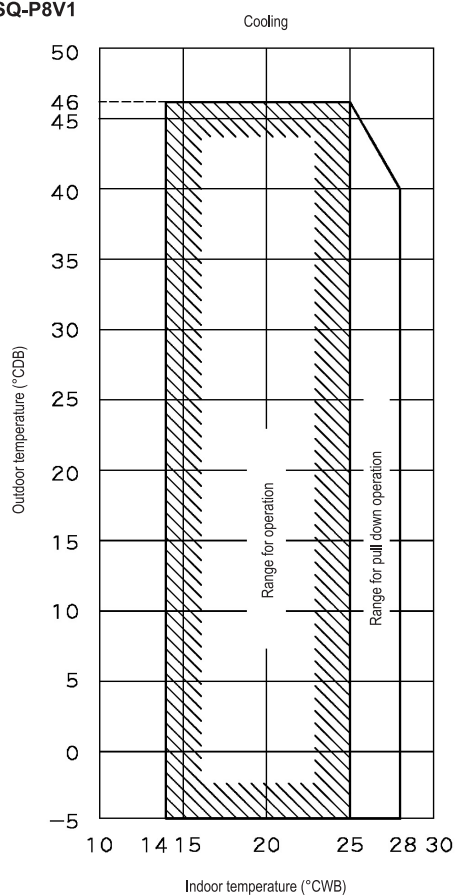
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12 Operation range

12 - 1 Operation Range

12

RXYSQ-P8V1



NOTE

These figures assume the following operating conditions.

- Indoor and outdoor units:
- Equivalent pipe length: 7.5 m
- Level difference: 0 m

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